Fluo-3 (pentapotassium salt)



- 1-[2-Amino-5-(2,7-dichloro-6-hydroxy-3-oxo-9-xanthenyl)phenoxy]
- -2-(2-amino-5-methylphenoxy)ethane-N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid, pentapotassium salt

Catalog Number	PK-CA707-50011
Description	Fluo-3 is a long wavelength calcium probe having its absorption maximum at 506 nm, thus making it excitable by the argon-ion laser. Unlike Fura-2 and Indo-1, neither the excitation nor the emission maximum of the sensor shifts significantly before and after Ca²+ binding. As a result, the ratioing technique is not applicable to Fluo-3. Fluo-3 is essentially nonfluorescent without Ca²+ present, but the fluorescence increases at least 40 times on Ca²+ binding. Also, because Fluo-3 binds Ca²+ more weakly (higher Kd; ~450 nM) than do Fura-2 and Indo-1, it is more useful for measuring high transient Ca²+ concentration during Ca²+ spikes. The long wavelength of the fluorescent signal is also convenient for minimizing photodamage to sample cells. Fluo-3 is also useful for caged calcium and others that are cleaved by the photo-irradiation in the UV region. Fluo-3 pentapotassium salt is membrane-impermeant but can be loaded into cells via microinjection or scrape loading.
Quantity	1 mg
Excitation / Emission Maxima	λ ex\ λ em (DNA) = 506/526 nm (low or high [Ca ²⁺]); Extinction coefficient: 86,000 M ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹ (506 nm)
Molecular Structure	CI CH ₃ CH ₂ CO ₂ -) ₂ N(CH ₂ CO ₂ -) ₂
Molecular Weight / Molecular Formula	960 Da; C ₃₆ H ₂₅ Cl ₂ K ₅ N ₂ O ₁₃
Purity	>95% (as determined by TLC)
Appearance / Formulation / Solubility	Orange red solid; soluble in DMSO or water.
Storage & Stability	Store desiccated at 4°C upon receipt. Protect from light, especially when in solution.
Applications	Fluorescent calcium indicator; for use in intracellular calcium signaling assays
References	1) Zucker, R.S., et al. Cell Calcium. 13, 29(1992) 2) Merritt, J.E., et al. Biochem. J. 269, 513(1990) 3) Lattanzio, F.A., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm. 171, 102(1990); 4) Jaffe, L. et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88, 9883(1991) 5) Minta, A., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 264, 8171(1989) 6) Kao, J.P.Y., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 264, 8179(1989)
Caution	Potentially harmful. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure. Avoid getting in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. If eye or skin contact occurs, wash affected areas with plenty of water for 15 minutes and seek medical advice. In case of inhaling or swallowing, move individual to fresh air and seek medical advice immediately.